




Year group: Year 3			English	Grammar and Punctuation
Adverbs	Conjunctions (subordinating)	Prepositions for where	<p>Main and Subordinate Clauses in Complex Sentences</p> <p>A complex sentence contains a main and a subordinate clause.</p> <p>When the rain stopped, we went out to play.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px;"> <p>Subordinate clause- does not makes sense on its own</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px;"> <p>Main Clause- makes sense on its own</p> </div> </div> <p>When starting with a subordinate clause, use a comma.</p>	<p>Using 'a' or 'an'</p> <p>Use 'an' before a word if it begins with a vowel (a,e,i,o,u).</p> <p>Use 'a' before a word if it begins with a consonant (all the other letters in the alphabet).</p> <p>An elephant.</p>  <p>A dog.</p> 
Modify verbs, adverbs, adjectives and clauses	Used to create complex sentences	Describe location		
Then Next Yesterday Soon Lately Frequently Later Now	When Because Before While Since Until Although If	Beyond Above Below Beneath Beside Within Amongst Outside		
Yesterday, we went to the zoo.	I don't like pizza because of the cheese.	The sleeping dog beside the fire.	<p>The Present Perfect Tense</p> <p>Uses have and has to indicate a completed action.</p> <p>Simple past tense → He went out to play.</p> <p>Present perfect tense → He has gone out to play.</p>	<p>Direct speech</p> <p>This is when you write the exact words spoken. These words are punctuated with speech marks (inverted commas).</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div style="border: 1px solid green; border-radius: 50%; padding: 10px; margin: 0 20px;"> <p>I wish I could play outside</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>↑ ↑</p> <p>"I wish I could play outside," said the boy.</p> </div> </div>

Key Vocabulary	Definition
Adverb	A word that adds more information about verbs, adjectives or other adverbs
Complex sentence	Has a main clause (makes sense on its own) and at least one subordinate clause (doesn't make sense on its own)
Consonant	The letters in the alphabet which are not vowels (a,e,i,o,u)
Direct speech	The exact words spoken
Main clause	Can form a complete sentence on its own
Paragraph	Connected sentences about one idea or theme
Past tense	Verb form used to describe things that happened in the past
Perfect form	Indicates a completed action e.g. He has gone out to play
Present tense	Verb form used to describe things happening right now
Speech marks (inverted commas)	Punctuation used to show what has been spoken or said
Subordinate clause	Is dependent on a main clause. It doesn't make sense on its own